Professional Licensure Disclosures in Federal Regulations take effect July 1, 2020

668.43(a)(5)(v) Institutions are required to make public whether a program will fulfill educational requirements for a specific professional licensure or certification.

Institutions are required to make public whether a program will fulfill educational requirements for a specific professional licensure or certification. These requirements apply to all programs offered via all modalities (distance education and not). Institutions will be required to disclose, for each state, whether or not the program meets such requirements, or whether the institution had not made such a determination.

668.43(c) License Requirement Direct Disclosures

The regulations require direct disclosure to individual students in circumstances where an offered program has been determined not to meet or where the institution has not made a determination as to whether the program meets the education requirements for licensure in a state where a prospective student was located, as well as to students currently enrolled in a program that ceased to meet such requirements.

For students currently enrolled, institutions would have 14 calendar days to directly disclose that they had made a determination that a program did not meet state licensure or certification requirements for the state in which the student is located.

For prospective students, the disclosure must be made prior to the student’s enrollment in the program. The disclosures must be made directly to the student in writing, which may include through email or other electronic communication.

668.50 Professional Licensure

Disclosures that previously only applied to distance education students are now replaced with a requirement that applies to all programs that lead to licensure or certification (or should lead to licensure or certification), regardless of the delivery modality of those programs.

NC-SARA expectations. For institutions participating in NC-SARA the policy includes:

direct written disclosure to the student that the institution has not made a determination of the professional licensure applicability of the program. In such cases, the institution must include the contact information for the licensing board in the state where the student is located.

Potential resources:

https://theconferenceonline.org/resources/state-licensing-requirements/
https://www.nfda.org/careers/licensing-requirements
http://www.abfse.org/html/resources.html